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Appl. No. 09/888,320 Amdt. dated 7/27/04 Amendment under 37 CFR 1.116 Expedited Procedure Examining Group 1634

Amendments to the Claims:

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

Listing of Claims:

- 1. (Currently amended) A method of determining the ability of a Mycobacterium tuberculosis bacterium to oxidize
- (a) ethionamide, thiacetazone or thiocarlide, ethionamide, said method comprising detecting a mutation in an EtaA gene (SEQ ID NO:1) in said bacterium, which mutated gene encodes an amino acid sequence which differs from that of SEQ ID NO:2 by
- (a) (i) a frameshift mutation selected from the group consisting of: a deletion at position 65, an addition at position 567 557, and an addition at position 811, or
- (b) (ii) a single nucleotide polymorphism which causes an amino acid substitution selected from the group consisting of: G43C, P51L, D58A, Y84D, T186K, T342K, and A381P,
- (b) thiacetazone, said method comprising detecting a mutation in the EtaA gene (SEO 1D NO:1) in said bacterium, which mutated gene encodes an amino acid sequence which differs from that of SEO ID NO:2 by
- (i) a frameshift mutation selected from the group consisting of: a deletion at position 65 and an addition at position 811, or
- (ii) a single nucleotide polymorphism which causes an amino acid substitution selected from the group consisting of: G43C, P51L, D58A, Y84D, T342K, and A381P, or
- (c) thiocarlide, said method comprising detecting a mutation in the EtaA gene (SEO ID NO:1) in said bacterium, which mutated gene encodes an amino acid sequence which differs from that of SEO ID NO:2 by
- (i) a frameshift mutation selected from the group consisting of: a deletion at position 65 and an addition at position 811, or
- (ii) a single nucleotide polymorphism which causes an amino acid substitution selected from the group consisting of: G43C, P51L, D58A, Y84D, and A381P,

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wherein detection of the mutation is indicative of decreased ability to oxidize ethionamide, thiacetazone or thiocarlide, respectively.

- 2. (Canceled)
- 3. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the mutation is a single nucleotide polymorphism which causes an amino acid substitution in an amino acid sequence encoded by said EtaA gene compared to an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:2.
 - 4. (Canceled)
- 5. (Original) A method of claim 1 wherein the mutation is detected by

 (a) amplifying the EtaA gene, or a portion thereof containing the

 mutation, with a set of primers to provide an amplified product,
 - (b) sequencing the amplified product to obtain a sequence, and
- (c) comparing the sequence of the amplified product with the sequence of a wild-type EtaA gene (SEQ ID NO:1) or portion thereof, wherein a difference between the sequence of the amplified product and the sequence of the wild-type EtaA gene or portion thereof indicates the presence of a mutation.
 - 6-7. Canceled.
- 8. (Original) A method of claim 5, wherein said amplification is by polymerase chain reaction.
- 9. (Original) A method of claim 1, wherein said mutation is detected by hybridizing DNA from said bacterium to a test nucleic acid under stringent conditions.

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- 10. (Original) A method of claim 9, wherein either said DNA from said bacterium or said test nucleic acid is immobilized on a solid support.
 - 11. (Original) A method of claim 1, wherein said mutation is detected by
 - (a) subjecting said EtaA gene to digestion by restriction enzymes,
- (b) separating the resulting restriction products to form a pattern of restriction fragment lengths, and
- (c) comparing the pattern of restriction fragment lengths to a pattern of restriction fragment lengths formed by subjecting a known EtaA gene to the same restriction enzymes.

12 - 20. (Canceled)

- 21. (Currently amended) A method of screening an individual for a *Mycobacterium tuberculosis* bacterium resistant to treatment by ethionamide, thiocetazone or thiocarlido,
 - (a) ethionamide, comprising
- (a) (i) obtaining a biological sample containing said bacterium from said individual, and
- (b) (ii) detecting a mutation in an EtaA gene (SEQ ID NO:1) in said bacterium, which mutated gene encodes an amino acid sequence which differs from that of SEQ ID NO:2, wherein said mutation in said EtaA gene is selected from the group consisting of (i) (A) a frameshift mutation consisting of a deletion at position 65, an addition at position 567 557, or an addition at position 811, and (ii) (B) a single nucleotide polymorphism which causes an amino acid substitution selected from the group consisting of: G43C, P51L, D58A, Y84D, T186K, T342K, and A381P,
 - (b) thiacetazone, comprising

and

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- (i) obtaining a biological sample containing said bacterium from said individual.
- (ii) detecting a mutation in an EtaA gene (SEQ ID NO:1) in said bacterium, which mutated gene encodes an amino acid sequence which differs from that of SEQ ID NO:2, wherein said mutation in said EtaA gene is selected from the group consisting of (A) a frameshift mutation consisting of a deletion at position 65 or an addition at position 811, and (B) a single nucleotide polymorphism which causes an amino acid substitution selected from the group consisting of: G43C, P51L, D58A, Y84D, T342K, and A381P, or
 - (c) thiocarlide, comprising
- (i) obtaining a biological sample containing said bacterium from said individual, and
- (ii) detecting a mutation in an EtaA gene (SEQ ID NO:1) in said bacterium, which mutated gene encodes an amino acid sequence which differs from that of SEQ ID NO:2, wherein said mutation in said EtaA gene is selected from the group consisting of

 (A) a frameshift mutation consisting of a deletion at position 65 or an addition at position 811, and (B) a single nucleotide polymorphism which causes an amino acid substitution selected from the group consisting of: G43C, P51L, D58A, Y84D, and A381P, wherein detection of the mutation is indicative said bacterium is resistant to treatment by ethionamide, thiacetazone or thiocarlide, respectively.
- 22. (Original) A method of claim 21, wherein the mutation is detected by

 (a) amplifying the EtaA gene with a set of primers to provide an amplified product,
 - (b) sequencing the amplified product to obtain a sequence, and
- (c) comparing the sequence of the amplified product with the sequence of a wild-type EtaA gene (SEQ ID NO:1),

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wherein a difference between the sequence of the amplified product and the sequence of the wild-type EtaA gene indicates the presence of a mutation.

23-34. Canceled.

- 35. (Currently amended) The method of claim 34 1, wherein the mutation is a frameshift mutation selected from the group consisting of: a deletion at position 65, an addition at position 567 557, and an addition at position 811.
 - 36. (Canceled)
- 37. (Currently amended) The method of claim 34 3, wherein the single nucleotide polymorphism causes an amino acid substitution selected from the group consisting of: G43C, P51L, D58A, Y84D, T186K, T342K, and A381P.

38-48. (Canceled)